ACARA KEMUNCUK
- Mughal, Chashme Shahi,
- Nishat & Shalimar Bagh (Taman)
- Char Chinar, Masjid Hazratbal
- Taj Mahal, Fatehpur Sikri (WHS)
- Kompleks Bandar Istana & Muizum
- Hawa Mahal, Amber Fort
- Jantar Mantar
- Raj Ghat
- Red Fort
- Masjid Jama
- Rajpath
- Pitu Gerbang
- Rashtrapatapi Bhavan
- Ajmal Khan Road & Ghafar market
- Kawanstan Connaught, Janpath (membeli-belah)

JADUAL AKTIVITI
H01 Kuala Lumpur / Delhi (MOB)
- Ketiolaan di Delhi menuju ke pegan
- Daftar masuk ke Hotel
H02 Delhi / Srinagar (SP/MT/MM)
- Makan malam, balik ke rumah perahu untuk berehat
H03 Srinagar (SP/MT/MM)
- Srinagar ke Tangmarg dengan bas 1 ½ jam
- Turut berkenderaan pacuan 4 roda ke Gulmarg & menalai kabel ke Khilanmarg
- Melawat Kuil Rani dan Istana Maharaja.
- Balik ke Srinagar
- Menjelajah dengan perahu Shikara di Tasik Dal,
- Makan Tengahari, menaiki bas ke Kubu Istana
- Bergambar tanpa melawat di Dela
- Daftar masuk ke Hotel
H04 Srinagar / Delhi / Agra (SP/MT/MM)
- Pagi, Benarri untuk Wanita - PERCUMA
- Terbang balik ke Delhi, menjuu ke Agra dengan bas (4 jam), Makan malam di Restoran
- Daftar masuk ke Hotel
H05 Agra / Jaipur (SP/MT/MM)
- Melawat Taj Mahal, Menalai bas ke Jaipur (5 jam)
- Melawat Fatehpur Sikri(WHS), Tiba di Jaipur, kompleks Istana Bandar dan Muzium, activity bebas sehingga makan malam
- Daftar masuk ke Hotel, Jaipur
H06 Jaipur / Delhi (SP/MT/MM)
- Pagi, mewat kubu Amber
- Bengmark tanpa melawat di Hawa Mahal
- Menalai pacuan empat roda ke Kubu Istana
- Seterusnya ke Bandar Jantar Mantar,
- Makan Tengahari, Menalai bas ke Delhi (5 1/2 hours)
- Daftar masuk ke Hotel, Jaipur
H07 Delhi / Kuala Lumpur (SP/-)
- Ke Raj Ghat, Red Fort dan Masjid Jama
- Hidangan Istimewa,panorama di New India Gate Delhi, Rajpath, dan Rashtrapatip Bhavan
- Membeli-beli di Ajmal Khan, Pasar Ghafar, atau Connaught Place and Janpath.
- Ke Lalangan Terbang Delhi menuju balik, ..... Alhamdullilah....

LAWATAN TEMPAT MENARIK
- Delhi ibukota India merupakan bandar ke-3 terbesar di dunia. Terletak di India Utara. Berdekanan dataran banjar barat Yamuna River.
- Rashtrapatip Bhavan. Rumah agam yang dibina dalam keluasan 330 hektar dengan taman khas direka Lutyens, arsitek yang terkenal sebagai kediaman rasi British. Kini, ia merupakan kediaman rasi Presiden India.
- India Gate pada mulanya dikenali sebagai "All India War Memorial". Merupakan monumen 20 meter Edwin Lutyens bagi memperingati prajurit India yang terkorban dalam Perang Dunia I dan Perang Afghans.
- Old Delhi (Shahjahanabad) merupakan ibukota India Muslim dianjugg Abad Pertengahan ke-17 dan lewat ke-19. Di sini, terdapat banyak masjid, Monument, serta kubu yang mengagumkan.
- Kubu Red Fort terkenal dengan peristiwa bersejarah akan zaman kegemaikan serta huru-hara yang berlaku di Delhi pada masa dahulu kala.
- Taj Mahal adalah simbol kasih sayang dan seni bina India yang Mengagumkan dan amat menarik perhatian akan keindahan bentuknya.
- Istana Maharaja dibina oleh Maharaja Hari Singh pada awal abad ke-20 dan selalu dikunjungi oleh baginda dan keluarganya sehingga 1947 dan menginap sewaktu kunjungan mereka di Gulmarg.
- Taj Mahal adalah simbol kasih sayang dan seni bina India yang Mengagumkan dan amat menarik perhatian akan keindahan bentuknya.
- Hawa Mahal palace (istana aning), mempunyai lima tingkat. 953 tingkat yang menghadap jalan di hadapan istana dan dikatakan aning akan sentiasa menghibur musak malalui tingkap walaupun dimusim panas.
- Amber Fort terletak 11 Km dari Jaipur dan merupakan kubu lama puak. Kehalwa yang pernah menjadi ibukota setelah ia berpindah ke Jaipur. Dinding dan siling Taj Mahal disaliti dengan tattasusun kaca yang indah yang akan memantulkan Semua jenis panahan cahaya juga untuk menerangi seluruh bulik yang pernah menjadi ibukota puak mina.
- Jantar Mantar adalah nama yang diberi untuk balai cerap yang dibina oleh Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II. Kewujudannya didalam empat bandar, jam matalah di Jaipur dikatakan yang paling indah dan misteri.

*Cukai adalah tertakluk kepada perubahan
*Jadual perjalanan mungkin berubah dalam lawatan sebenar
*Kemaskini: 01/01/2014
*Kesahihan: 31/12/2014

TARIKH BERLEPAS
DEWAESWARA
BERKEMBAR/BERTIGA
KANAK BERKATIL
KANAK TANPA KATIL
BERSEORANG
KOS LAWATAN
CUKAI PENERBANGAN
TIPS

HIDANGAN MAKANAN
06 PAGI 05 TENGAHARI 05 MALAM
PENGINAPAN (Tempatan 4 Bintang atau setaraf)
Delhi 2 malam Agra 1 malam
Srinagar 2 malam Jaipur 1 malam

JENIS PENERBANGAN

MIND8A

31/MALAS

7 HARI 6 MALAM KASHMIR & GOLDEN TRIANGLE
7 DAYS 6 NIGHTS KASHMIR & GOLDEN TRIANGLE (MIND8A)
DELHI / SRINAGAR / GULMARG / AGRA / JAIPUR

TOUR HIGHLIGHTS
- Mughal, Chashme Shahi
- Rashtrapati Bhavan
- Jama Mosque
- Taj Mahal

DAILY ITINERARY

D01 Delhi (MOB)
- Arrive in Delhi direct to town
- Check in Hotel

D02 Delhi / Srinagar (B/L/D)
- Flight to Srinagar by jet Airways, transfer to your House Boat
- Lunch and proceed to Mughal Garden
- Visit Chashme Shahi (royal spring), Nishat Bagh
- Dinner, back to the House Boat for a rest.

D03 Srinagar
- Srinagar to Tangmarg (coach), proceed to Gulmarg by 4 x 4 wheel drive & Cable Ride to Khitームrg.
- Visit Rani Temple and Maharaja palace.
- After lunch, transfer back to Srinagar
- Explore the Shikara ride on Dal Lake and Chinar Island and visit Hazratbal Mosque
- Back to Gulmarg by Shikara boat to Srinaga
- Overnight at the House Boat.

D04 Srinagar / Delhi / Agra (B/L/D)
- After Breakfast, FREE HENNA for the ladies on the palm, hands or shoulder.
- Transfer by flight to Delhi (meal on board)
- Proceed by land to Agra (4 hrs)
- Check In Hotel

D05 Agra / Jaipur (B/L/D)
- Explore to Taj Mahal after breakfast
- Proceed to Jaipur (5 hrs) by land
- Visit to Fatehpur Sikri (WHS) before lunch
- Arrive in Jaipur, visit City Palace Complex and Museum, free and easy till dinner
- Check In Hotel at Jaipur

D06 Jaipur / Delhi (B/L/D)
- After Breakfast, en route to Amber Fort
- Photo stop at Hawa Mahal
- Transfer to fortress palace by 4x4 Wheel Drive
- Transfer to city, Jantar Mantar.
- After lunch, transfer back to Delhi (5.1/2hrs)
- Check In Hotel

D07 Delhi / Kuala Lumpur (B/-/-)
- Visit Raj Ghat, Red Fort and Jama Masjid
- Proceed to panoramic tour of New India Gate
- Delhi, Jaipur, Rashtrapati Bhavan
- Last minutes shopping at Ajmal Khan, Ghaffar Market, Connaught Place and Janpath.
- Proceed to Delhi Airport for your flight home.
- ..Alhamdullilah...

TOUR FARE
- Delhi
- Jaipur
- Agra
- Srinagar

ACCOMMODATION 4 star hotel or Similar
- Delhi 2 Nights Agra 1 Night
- Srinagar 2 Nights Jaipur 1 Night

Sightseeing Highlights
- Delhi: Capital of India and is the third largest city in the world. Delhi is situated in a north Centre of India, stands on the west bank of Yamuna River.
- Rashtrapati Bhavan: the palatial building built in area of 330 acres with a private garden designed by the illustrious Lutyens as the official residence of the Viceroy of India during British reign is now the official residence of the President of India.
- India Gate: Situated on the Rajpath in New Delhi, India Gate is a monument built by Edwin Lutyns to commemorate the Indian soldiers who died in the World War I and the Afghan Wars.
- Old Delhi (jahahjanabad): the capital of Muslim India between the mid-17th and late 19th centuries with full of formidable mosques, monuments and forts. The ancient Delhi Of the Mughal emperors was surrounded by a wall and was a congested city of narrow lanes. Though better known Old Delhi.
- The eventful history Red Fort has been witness to is brought out as a sound and light show every evening on the ramparts of the Red Fort for those desirous of delving into Delhi’s glorious and tumultuous past
- The Masjid-i-Jahan Numa, commonly known as Jama Masjid of Delhi is the Principal mosque of Old Delhi in India. Commissioned by the Mughal Emperor Shah Jahan and completed in the year 1656 AD, it is one of the largest and best known mosques in India.
- Srinagar: the capital of Jammu and Kashmir and the largest city in the state, it is famous with Canals, Houseboats and Mughal Gardens. It’s a city full of intriguing alleys and curious buildings. The weather of Srinagar may be generally described as alpine which has mild summers during the months of April–June, and cold winters of November–February. The city generally gets heavy snowfall from December to February.
- Gulmarg lies at a distance of 56 kilometers from Srinagar and one of the most frequented Hill Resorts in the state of Jammu and Kashmir. The word Gulmarg stands for a Meadow of Flowers. Flowers that bloom in this meadow include bluebells, daisies, forget-me-nots and buttercups.
- Gulmarg Gondola in Gulmarg, in the Indian State of Jammu and Kashmir is the world second highest operating cable car since the closure in 2008 of the Mérida cable car in Venezuela. It is also the longest cable car project in Asia.
- Radha Rani temple: situated 4 km away from the famous Krishna temple. This temple is in jungle. Mansarover is nearby the temple. This sarover is originated by the sound of flute of Krishna just to finish the thirst of Radha Rani.
- Maharaja Palace: was built by Maharaja Hari Singh in the early 20th Century and was frequented by him and his family until 1947 post which Minister and some Prominent tourists stayed there on their visits to Gulmarg. In 1963, the former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi stayed at the Maharaja temple briefly.
- Agra has found its mention in the famous Hindu epic Mahabharat as the forest of Agrabhan close to Mathura. Badal Singh founded the city in 1475. Sirkand Lodhi made Agra his capital city.
- Taj Mahal: the world’s most enduring symbol of love and India’s most celebrated architectural marvel is so striking it’s almost enough to blind you to the wretched condition of the Yamuna river, sluggishly winding itself around the back of the monument.
- Jaipur: was the first sizable city in north India to be built from scratch, though the famous pink colour symbolizing welcome, came later when Ram Singh II received the Prince of Wales in 1876.
- The City Palace is a complex of buildings, palaces, pavilions, temples and gardens. The most outstanding parts of the whole prominent complex are Mukts, Mubarak, Chandra, Shri Govind Temple, Maharani’s Palace and the City Palace Museum.
- Hawa Mahal Palace: PALACE OF THE WINDS) consists of five floors, which is built of Pink and crimson sandstone and white lime. Palace has 953 windows, which faces towards the street outside the palace and huge amount of breeze circulates through these windows even in summer.
- Amber Fort was located distance of 11 kilometers from Jaipur and was the old fort of the Kachwaha Clan of Amber’s which to be the capital it was moved to Jaipur.
- Jantar Mantar: is the name given to observatories built by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II of Jaipur. While it exists in four cities in all, the sundials at Jaipur are considered to be the most exquisite and mysterious.

DEPARTURE DATE
- ADULT Twin/Triple
- CHILD with Bed
- CHILD No Bed
- AIRLINE USED
- SINGLE SUPPLEMENT

TOUR FARE
- AIRPORT TAXES

TIPPING

*Updated: 01/01/2014
*Sequence of itinerary may vary on actual tour
*Airport Taxes are subject to change
*Validity : 31/12/2014

MEALS
- 05 Breakfast
- 05 Lunches
- 05 Dinners

ACCOMMODATION
- 4 star hotel or Similar